





# Oxford City District Summary 2019

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# Introduction to the District Summary for Oxford City

This is a summary report for Oxford City and includes the following key areas highlighted in the JSNA 2019 Oxfordshire report:

-  Historical and projected population change
-  Public Health England 2019 health summary
-  Key health and wellbeing facts and figures 2019
-  A district inequalities summary (tartan rug)

Other resources include:

[JSNA 2019 Oxfordshire report](#)

[Public Health Dashboards](#)

[Health Needs Assessments](#)


[Community Health and Wellbeing Profiles](#)


[JSNA Bitesize](#)

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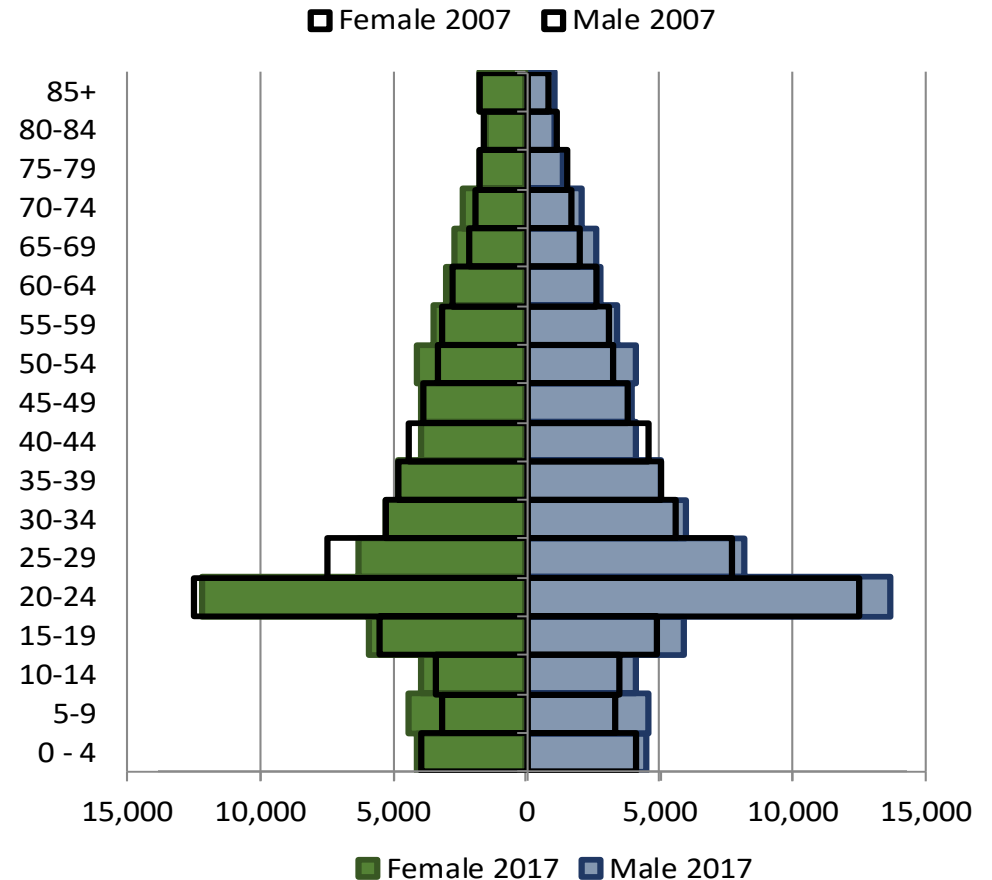
WEB: [insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/joint-strategic-needs-assessment](https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/joint-strategic-needs-assessment)

# Oxford City Population

 In mid-2017 there were 154,500 residents in Oxford City. This is projected to increase by 6% by 2037

 There were 2,900 people aged 85+ in Oxford. This is projected to increase by 40% by 2037

## Historical population change 2007 to 2017



# Health Summary for Oxford City

The Public Health England local health profile for Oxford shows that though there are many indicators significantly better than the national average, there is a number that are significantly worse

Indicators that are worse than average are hospital stays for self-harm, estimated diabetes diagnosis rate, alcohol-specific hospital stays, GCESs achieved, new cases of sexually transmitted infections, and new cases of tuberculosis

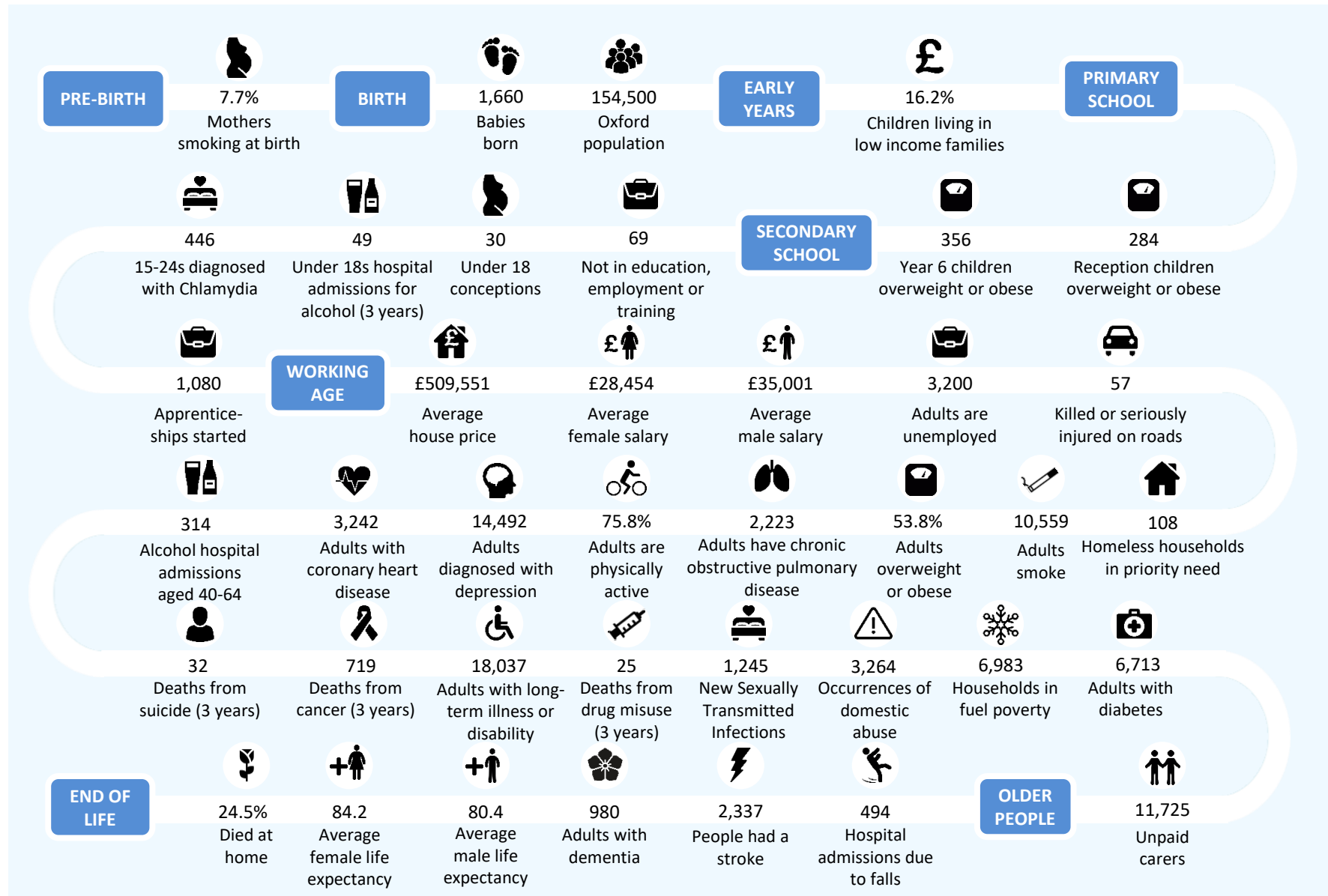
The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's value for each indicator is shown as a circle. The England average is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator. However, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- Not compared



	Indicator names	Period	Local count	Local value	Eng value	Eng worst		Eng best
Life expectancy and causes of death	1 Life expectancy at birth (Male)	2014 - 16	n/a	80.6	79.5	74.2		83.7
	2 Life expectancy at birth (Female)	2014 - 16	n/a	84.3	83.1	79.4		86.8
	3 Under 75 mortality rate: all causes	2014 - 16	862	307.7	333.8	545.7		215.2
	4 Under 75 mortality rate: cardiovascular	2014 - 16	159	59.5	73.5	141.3		42.3
	5 Under 75 mortality rate: cancer	2014 - 16	319	120.7	136.8	195.3		99.1
	6 Suicide rate	2014 - 16	32	8.2	9.9	18.3		4.6
Injuries and ill health	7 Killed and seriously injured on roads	2014 - 16	208	43.4	39.7	110.4		13.5
	8 Hospital stays for self-harm	2016/17	482	266.2	185.3	578.9	●	50.6
	9 Hip fractures in older people (aged 65+)	2016/17	121	621.7	575.0	854.2	●	364.7
	10 Cancer diagnosed at early stage	2016	253	55.7	52.6	39.3	○	61.9
	11 Diabetes diagnoses (aged 17+)	2017	n/a	69.0	77.1	54.3	●	96.3
	12 Dementia diagnoses (aged 65+)	2017	949	68.7	67.9	45.1	●	90.8
Behavioural risk factors	13 Alcohol-specific hospital stays (under 18s)	2014/15 - 16/17	54	59.7	34.2	100.0	●	6.5
	14 Alcohol-related harm hospital stays	2016/17	854	642.9	636.4	1,151.1	●	388.2
	15 Smoking prevalence in adults (aged 18+)	2017	11,280	9.0	14.9	24.8	●	4.6
	16 Physically active adults (aged 19+)	2016/17	n/a	74.0	66.0	53.3	●	78.8
	17 Excess weight in adults (aged 18+)	2016/17	n/a	51.3	61.3	74.9	●	40.5
Child health	18 Under 18 conceptions	2016	25	11.5	18.8	36.7	●	3.3
	19 Smoking status at time of delivery	2016/17	130	7.7	10.7	28.1	●	2.3
	20 Breastfeeding initiation	2016/17	1,583	84.3	74.5	37.9	●	96.7
	21 Infant mortality rate	2014 - 16	16	2.9	3.9	7.9	●	0.0
Inequalities	22 Obese children (aged 10-11)	2016/17	264	21.3	20.0	29.2	●	8.8
	23 Deprivation score (IMD 2015)	2015	n/a	17.9	21.8	42.0	○	5.0
Wider determinants of health	24 Smoking prevalence: routine and manual occupations	2017	n/a	19.7	25.7	48.7	●	5.1
	25 Children in low income families (under 16s)	2015	3,995	16.4	16.8	30.5	●	5.7
	26 GCSEs achieved	2015/16	516	49.8	57.8	44.8	●	78.7
	27 Employment rate (aged 16-64)	2016/17	89,500	79.3	74.4	59.8	●	88.5
	28 Statutory homelessness	2016/17	26	0.4	0.8			
	29 Violent crime (violence offences)	2016/17	2,691	16.9	20.0	42.2	●	5.7
Health protection	30 Excess winter deaths	Aug 2013 - Jul 2016	180	21.1	17.9	30.3	●	6.3
	31 New sexually transmitted infections	2017	1,282	1,152.3	793.8	3,215.3	●	266.6
	32 New cases of tuberculosis	2014 - 16	83	17.3	10.9	69.0	●	0.0

# Oxford City 2019 health and wellbeing facts and figures 2019



# Oxford inequalities summary

- Significantly worse than Oxfordshire or England
- Statistically similar to Oxfordshire or England
- Significantly better than Oxfordshire or England

**In Oxford, wards with the most indicators worse than Oxfordshire or England are Blackbird Leys, Northfield Brook, Barton and Sandhills, and Littlemore. Except Littlemore, these wards have no indicators significantly better than average**

**Six out of twenty-four wards have no indicators worse than average: Jericho and Osney; Marston; North; St. Margaret's; Summertown; and Wolvercote**

**The indicators with the most wards worse than average are health state life expectancies and deprivation indicators**



Data are shown at ward level for ward boundaries in place in 2016. Health state life expectancy indicators use ward boundaries in place prior to 2016 which may be different from current boundaries and cause discrepancies in the tartan rug. These indicators are shown in a paler colour scheme.

For more information, see the [Inequalities Indicators Excel Pack](#)

## Finding out more

The latest JSNA giving health and wellbeing facts and figures for Oxfordshire is available on [Oxfordshire Insight](#)

[Oxfordshire JSNA report](#)

[ANNEX: Inequalities indicators ward level data](#)

[Ward inequalities indicators excel pack including OCCG and District summaries](#)

[Public Health Dashboards](#)

[Health Needs Assessments](#)

[Community Health and Wellbeing Profiles](#)

Public Health England provides a wide range of health indicators and profiles on [Fingertips](#)

ONS population estimates and population projections for county and districts, benefits claimants and the annual population survey are available from [www.nomisweb.co.uk](http://www.nomisweb.co.uk)

Oxfordshire County Council population forecasts are published on Oxfordshire Insight (select “future population change”)  
<http://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/population-0>